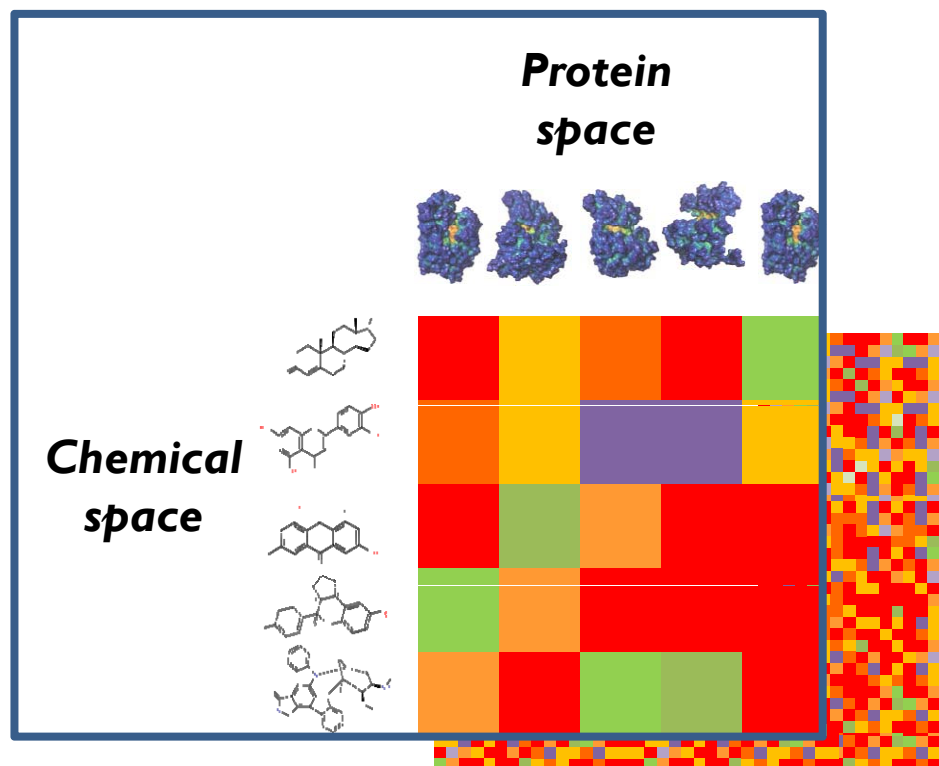




# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

## Chemogenomics or *in silico* poly-pharmacology

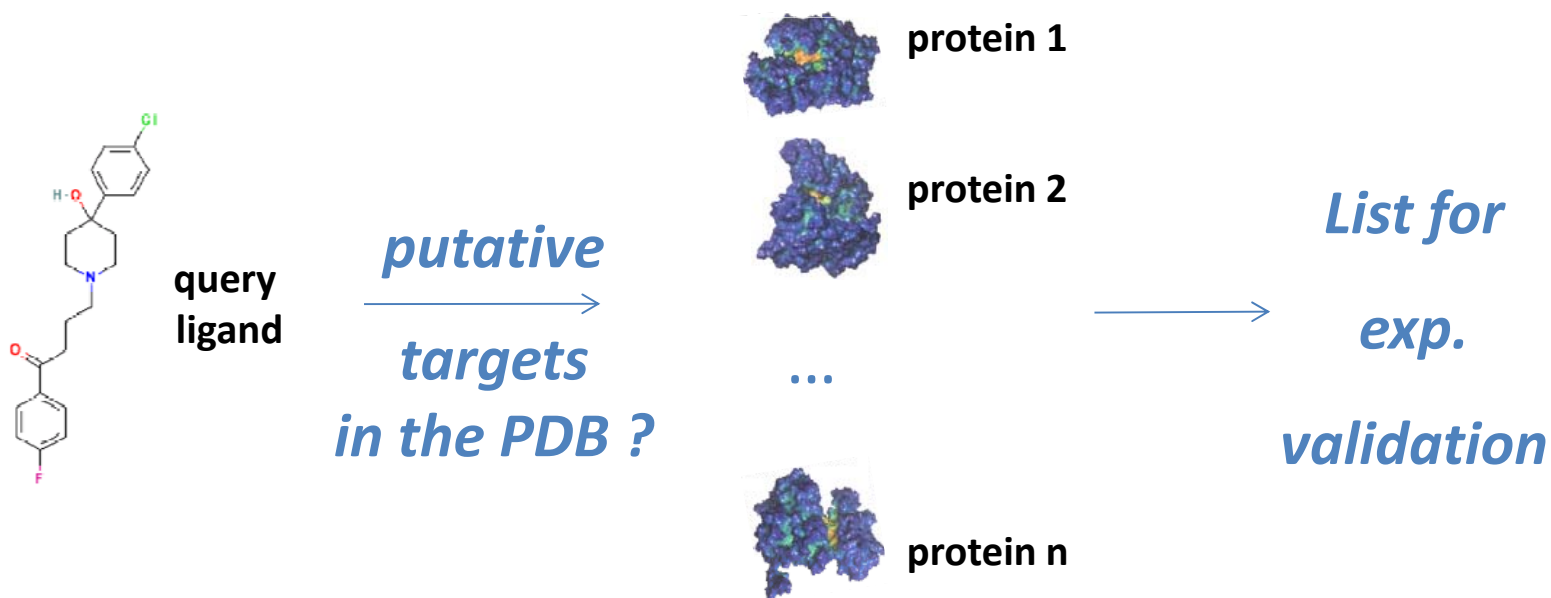


What are 3D-computational approaches to identify all possible ligands for all possible targets?



# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

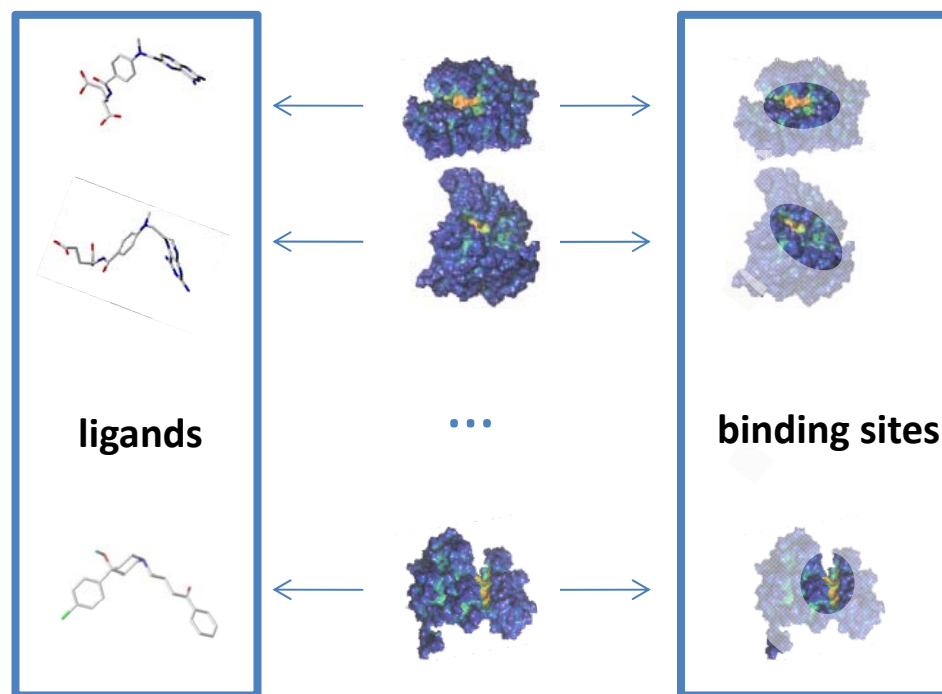
## Protein-centric method





# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

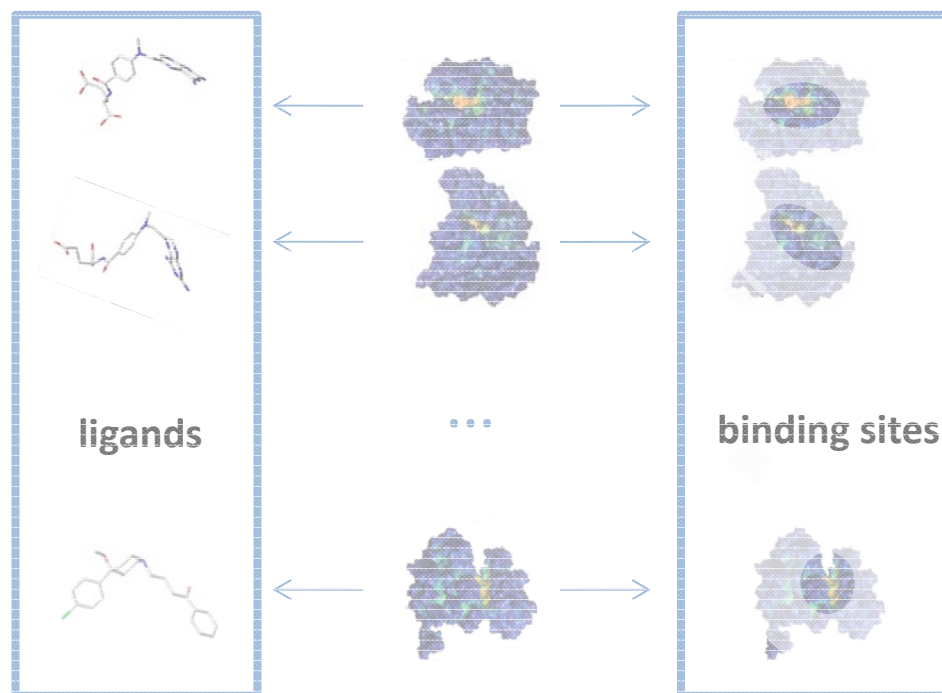
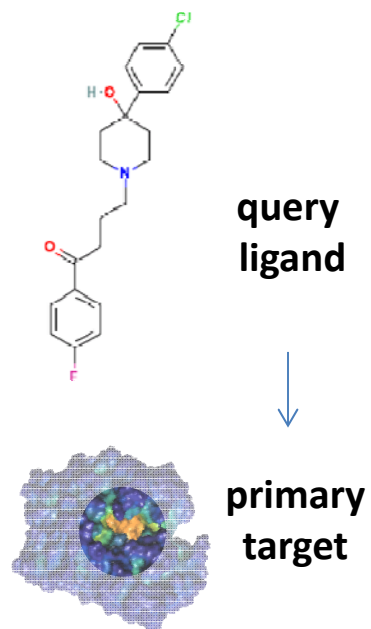
Searched database: 3D binding sites (sc-PDB)





# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

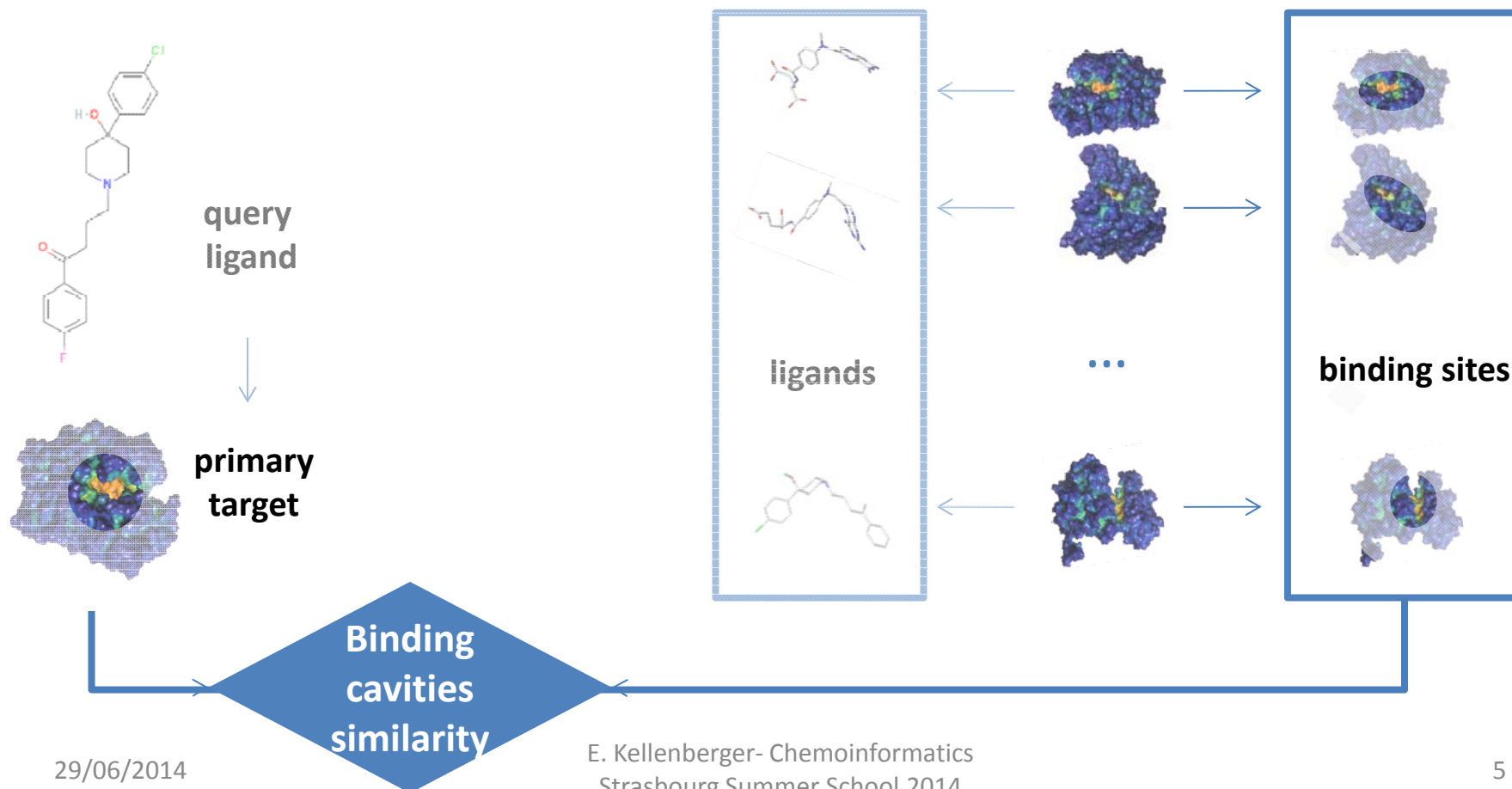
Query: ligand binding site of the primary target





# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

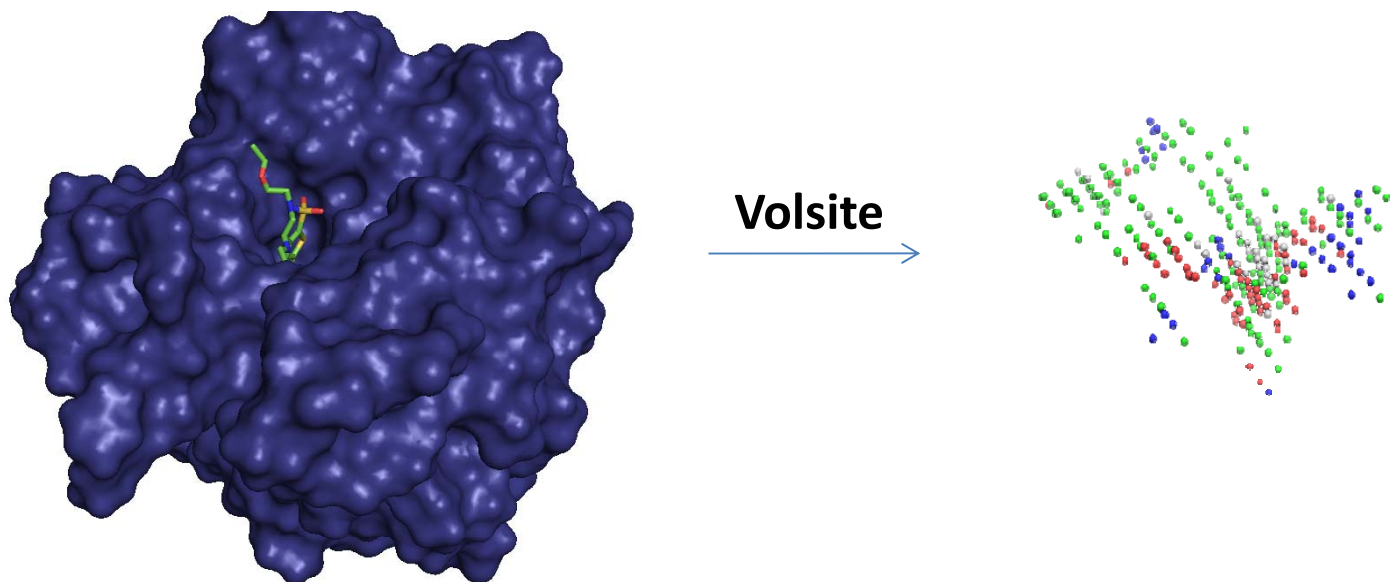
Method: comparison of molecular shape and properties





# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

Method: 1- from ligand binding site to cavity

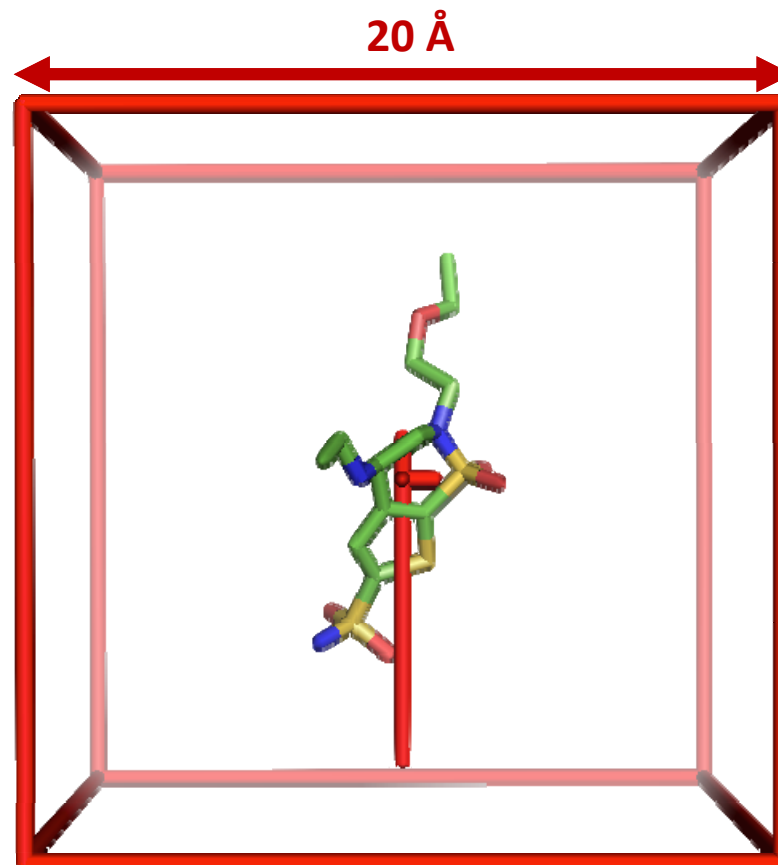




# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

Method: 1- from ligand binding site to cavity

- box centered on the **ligand**

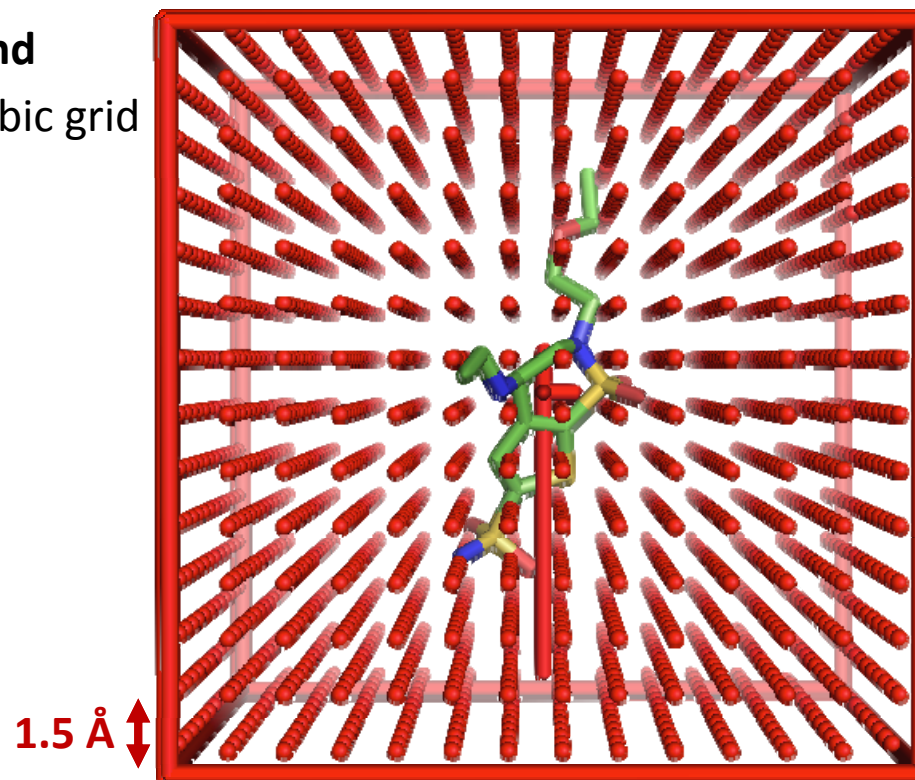




# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

Method: 1- from ligand binding site to cavity

- box centered on the **ligand**
- box transformed into a cubic grid



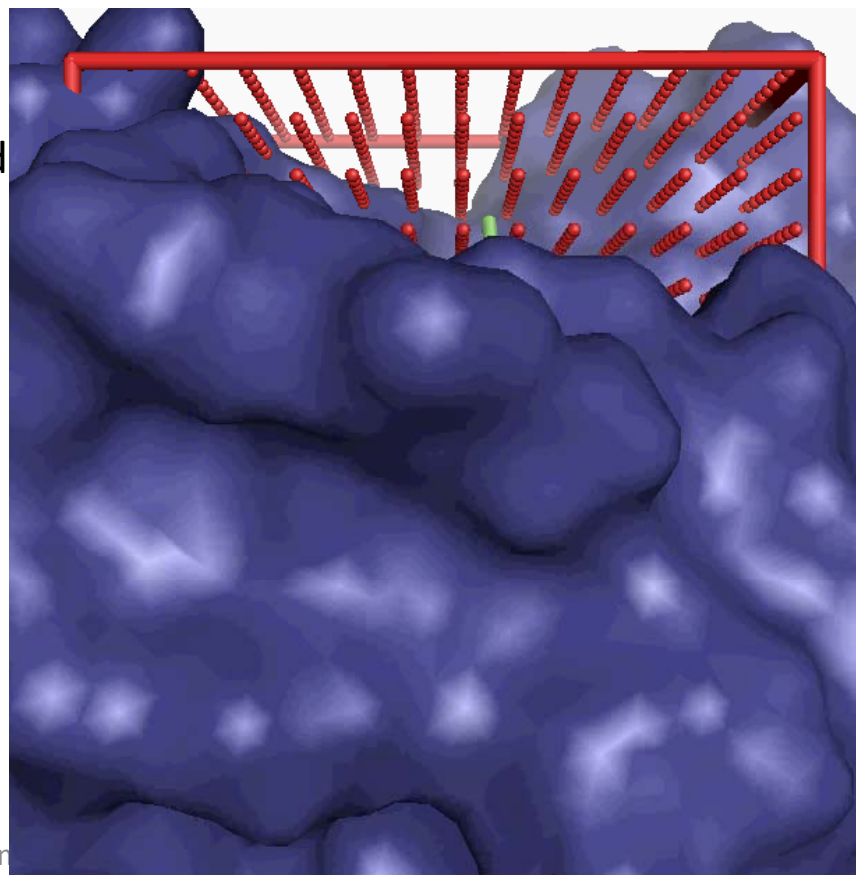




# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

Method: 1- from ligand binding site to cavity

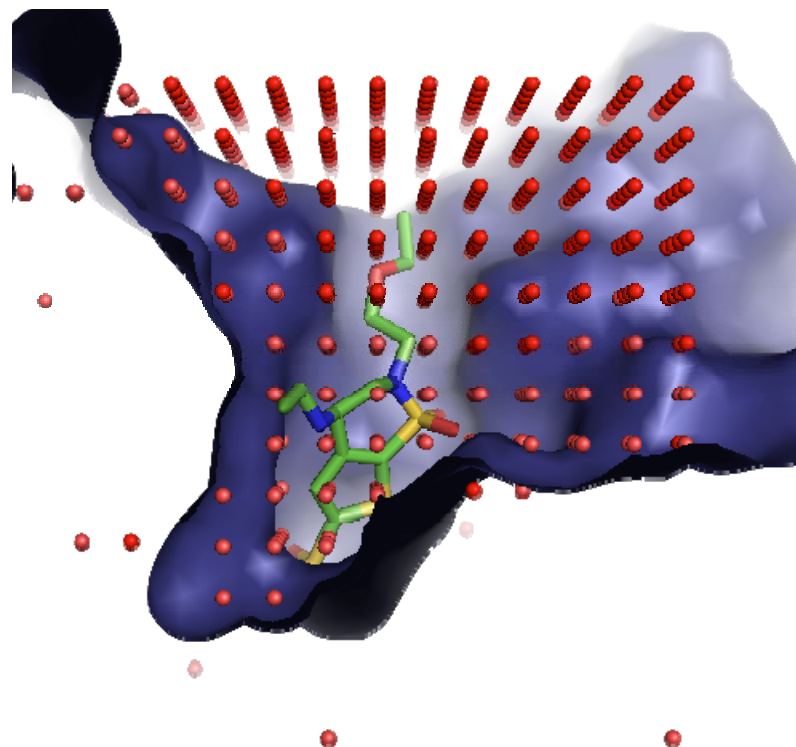
- box centered on the **ligand**
- box transformed into cubic grid
- grid points superimposed to to **protein** atoms are removed



# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

## Method: 1- from ligand binding site to cavity

- box centered on the **ligand**
- box transformed into cubic grid
- grid points superimposed to to **protein** atoms are removed

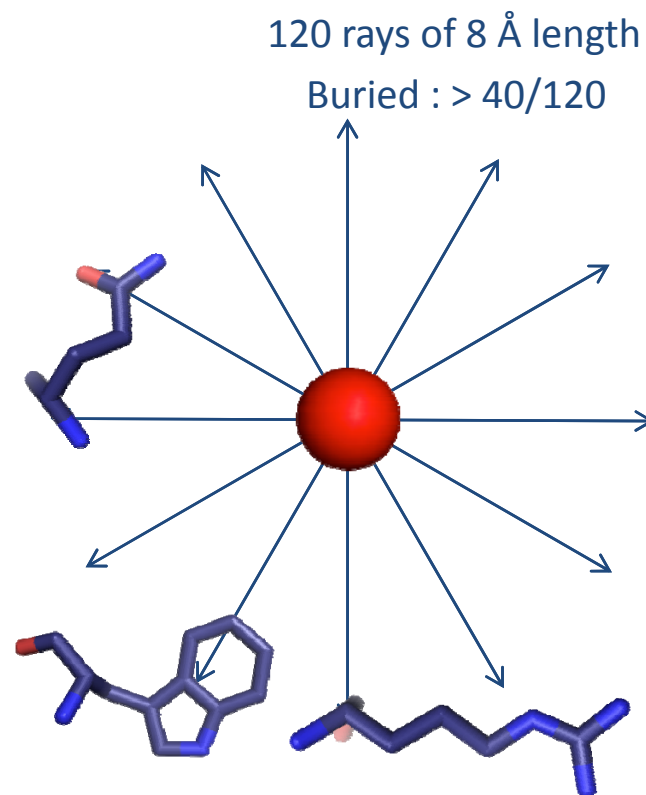




# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

## Method: 1- from ligand binding site to cavity

- box centered on the **ligand**
- box transformed into cubic grid
- grid points superimposed to to **protein** atoms are removed
- Non-buried grid points are removed

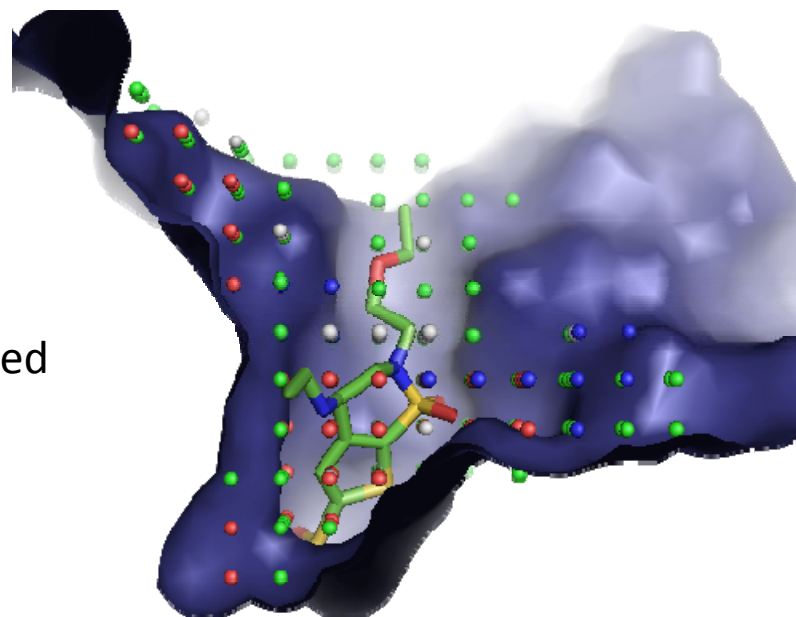




# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

## Method: 1- from ligand binding site to cavity

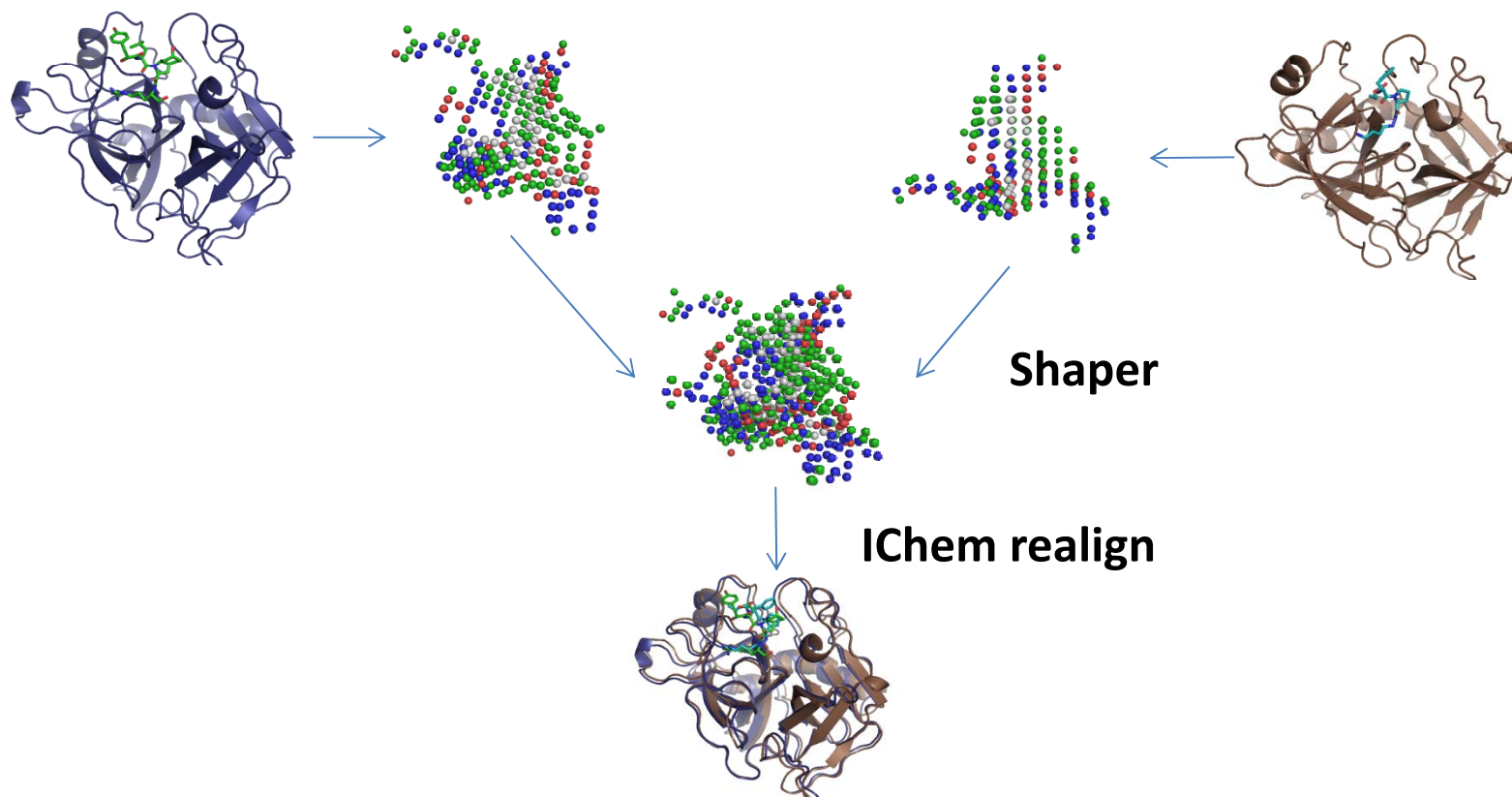
- box centered on the **ligand**
- box transformed into cubic grid
- grid points superimposed to to **protein** atoms are removed
- Non-buried grid points are removed
- Grid points colored according to binding property of neighboring protein atoms (hydrophobic, aromatic, H-bond donor, H-bond acceptor, H-bond donor/acceptor, positive, negative, **null**)





# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

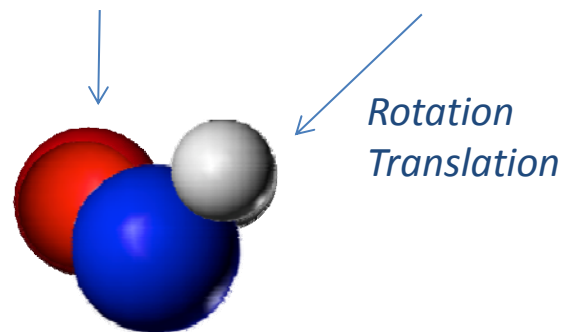
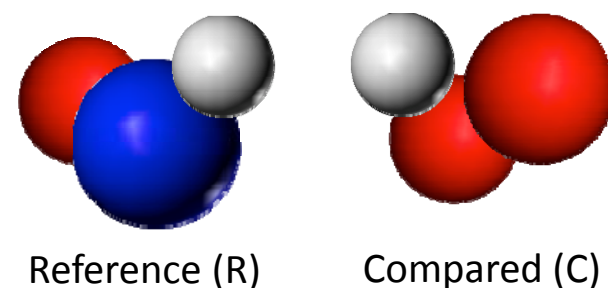
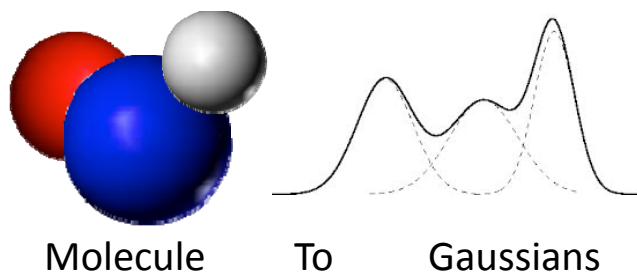
Method: 2- 3D alignment of two cavities





# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

## Method: 2- 3D alignment of two cavities

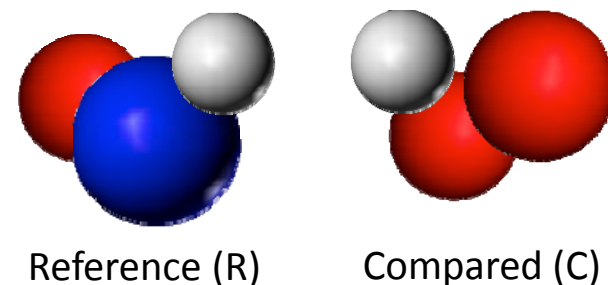
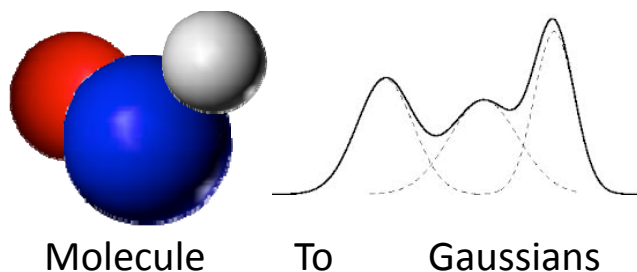


$$T_C = \frac{V_{R,C}}{V_R + V_C - 2V_{R,C}}$$



# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

## Method: 3- scoring the alignment



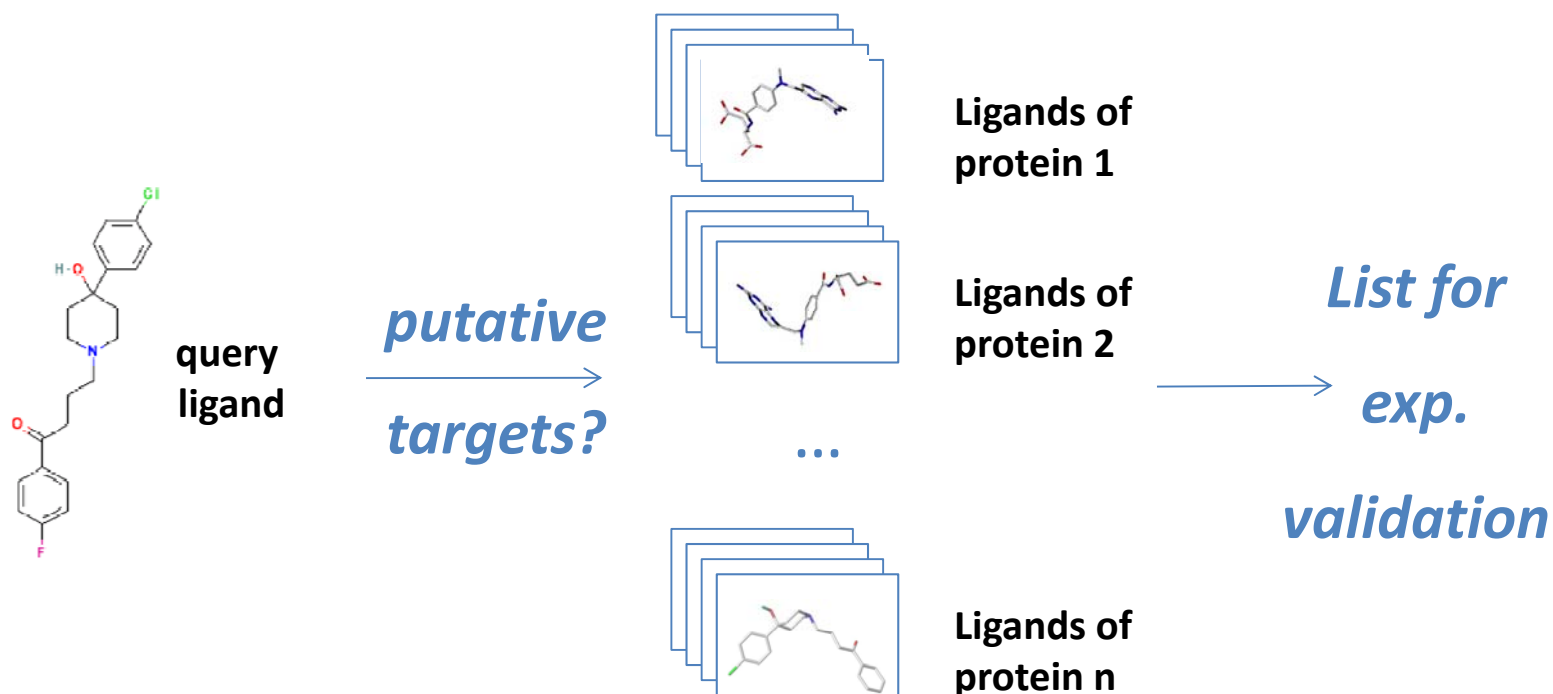
$$\text{refTversky} = \frac{O_{R.C}}{0.95I_R + 0.05I_C}$$

$$T_C = \frac{V_{R.C}}{V_R + V_C - 2V_{R.C}}$$



# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

## Ligand-centric method

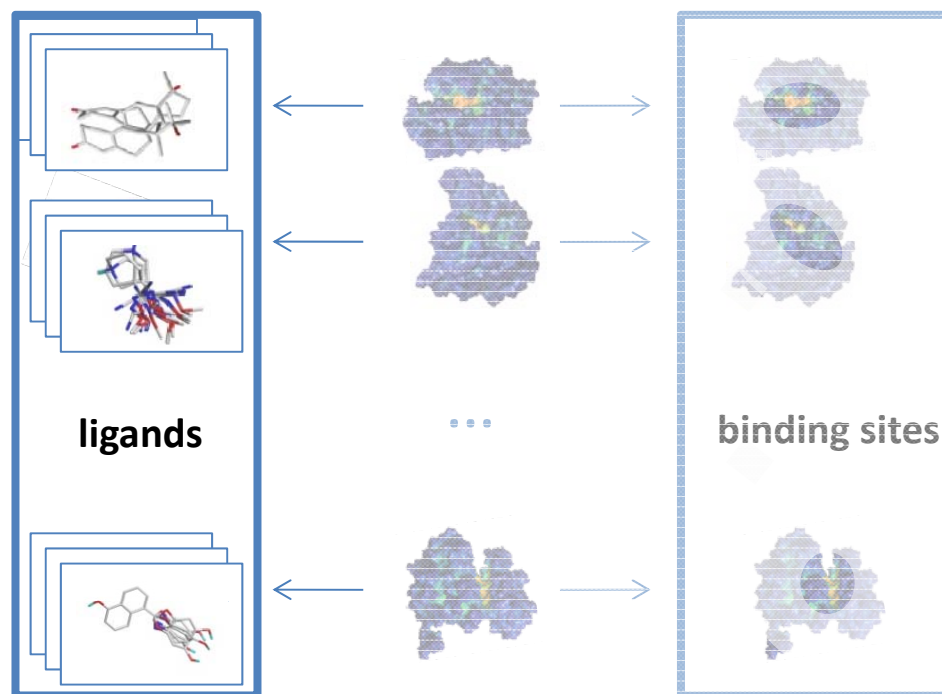






# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

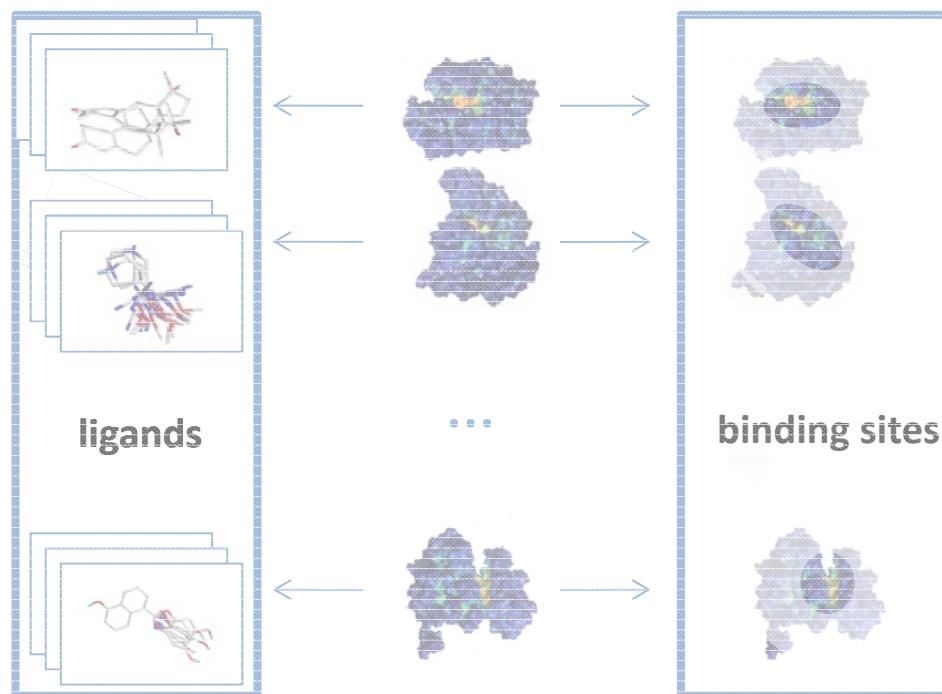
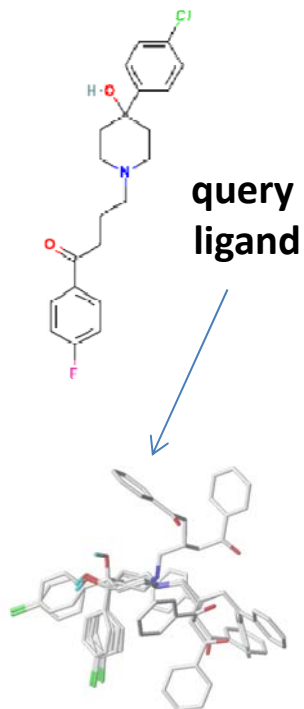
Searched database: different ligands per target, conformational ensemble





# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

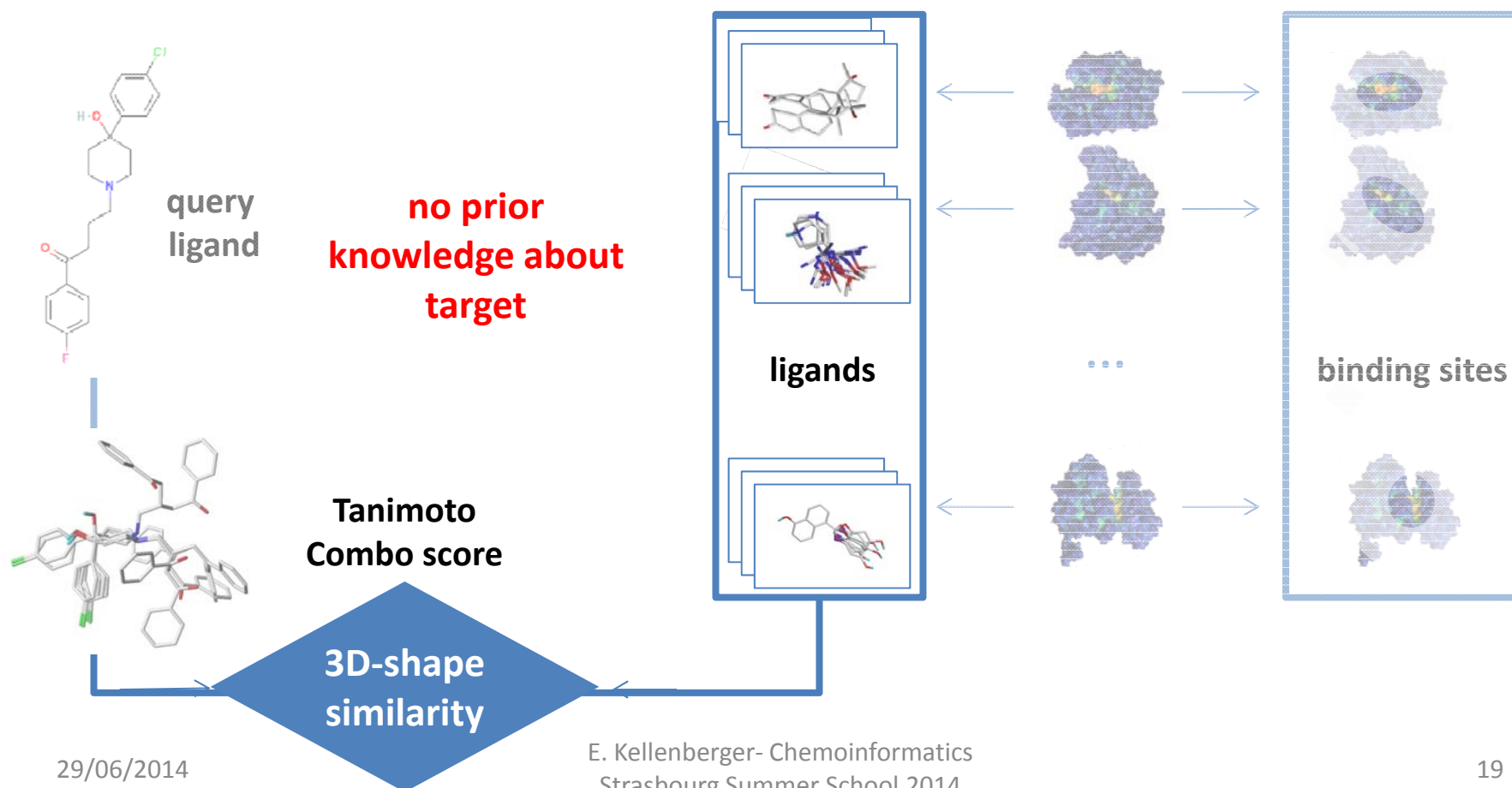
Query: conformational ensemble or selected conformer of the ligand





# Compound profiling using similarity between protein binding sites and shape analysis of ligand

method: shape comparison using ROCS (OpenEye)



# Tutorial : the test case

## haloperidol

- antipsychotic drug, also used to control tics and vocal utterances that are part of Tourette's syndrome.
- approved by the FDA in 1967



*Ship of Fools* (XVe)  
by Hieronymus Bosch



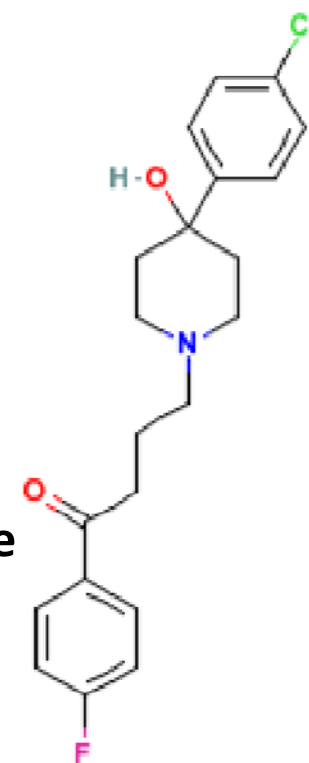
# Tutorial : the test case

## haloperidol

- interferes with the effects of neurotransmitters in the brain
- blocks **dopamine and serotonin receptors**
- Among common adverse effects:
  - constipation by competing with **acetylcholine**
  - Hypotension caused by the binding to **adrenergic receptors**

**Primary targets**

**off targets**





# Tutorial : the test case

## Dataset for protein-centric approach

query:

human dopamine D3 receptor (3pbl)

Database:

15 proteins

27 sites

Functional class	Target Name	PDB
Class A GPCR	$\beta$ 1-adrenocept	2ycw, 2rh1
	Muscarinic M2 receptor	3uon
	Chemokine receptor CCR5	4mbs
Class B GPCR	CRF1	4k5y
3-Ketosteroid receptor	Androgen receptor	2qpy, 3b5r
Estrogen receptor	ER beta	2fsz, 2j7x
heat shock protein	HSP90alpha	2owd, 4efv
Carboxylic ester hydrolase	acetylcholinesterase	1zgc, 3i6m
Protein-serine/threonine kinase	CDCK2	1gij, 1w0x
	Aurora kinase	2np8, 2x81
Aspartic endopeptidase	Beta secretase	2fdp, 4djv
	renin	2g1o, 3vye
Serine endopeptidase	Thrombin	3rlw, 3sv2
Methyltransferase	Thymidylate synthase	1ci7, 3uwl
Carbon-oxygen lyase	Carbonic anhydrase	1a42, 3mhm

**off targets**

**off target**



# Tutorial : the test case

## Dataset for ligand-centric approach

query:

haloperidol, low energy conformer

- 3D coordinates generated using corina (Molecular Network)
- 590 conformers generated using Omega (OpenEye)

Database:

foreach of the 15 proteins

10 different ligands

- from sc-PDB (ligand co-crystallized with the protein)
- from chEMBL (drug or ligand with  $IC_{50} < 50$  nM), 3D coordinates generated using corina

200 conformers generated using Omega (OpenEye)



# Tutorial : demo 1

## protein-centric approach: cavity detection

```
Desk21@dhcp-41-195:~/tmp/CS3-3D$ Ichem volsite  
REF/D3receptor-3pbl_protein.mol2 REF/D3receptor-  
3pbl_ligand.mol2
```

```
Protein file : REF/D3receptor-3pbl_protein.mol2  
Ligand file : REF/D3receptor-3pbl_ligand.mol2  
Assigning properties to protein atoms  
Protein name : Unknown  
Druggability : 1.17  
Prediction : Is Druggable
```

```
Desk21@dhcp-41-195:~/tmp/CS3-3D$ ls  
CAVITY_N1_12.mol2 CAVITY_N1_6.mol2 CAVITY_N1_ALL.mol2  
CAVITY_N2_4.mol2 CAVITY_N2_8.mol2  
CAVITY_N1_4.mol2 CAVITY_N1_8.mol2 CAVITY_N2_12.mol2  
CAVITY_N2_6.mol2 CAVITY_N2_ALL.mol2 VolSite_stat.csv
```





# Tutorial : demo 1

## protein-centric approach: cavity comparison

```
Desk21@dhcp-41-195: /tmp/CS3-3D$ Shaper -r  
REF/D3receptor-3pbl_cavity6.mol2 -c CAVITY/CCR5-  
4mbs_cavity6.mol2 -o D3receptor-3pbl_CCR5-4mbs.pdb -rn  
D3receptor -cn CCR5-4mbs
```

```
Reference file : REF/D3receptor-3pbl_cavity6.mol2 ;  
Num Confs : 1  
Comparison file : CAVITY/CCR5-4mbs_cavity6.mol2
```

```
-----  
-----  
          Tanim   FitTve   RefTve  
COLOR:   0.186   0.292   0.337  
FIT:     0.497   0.634   0.497  
Combo:   0.682   0.926   0.682
```



# Tutorial : demo 1

## protein-centric approach: results

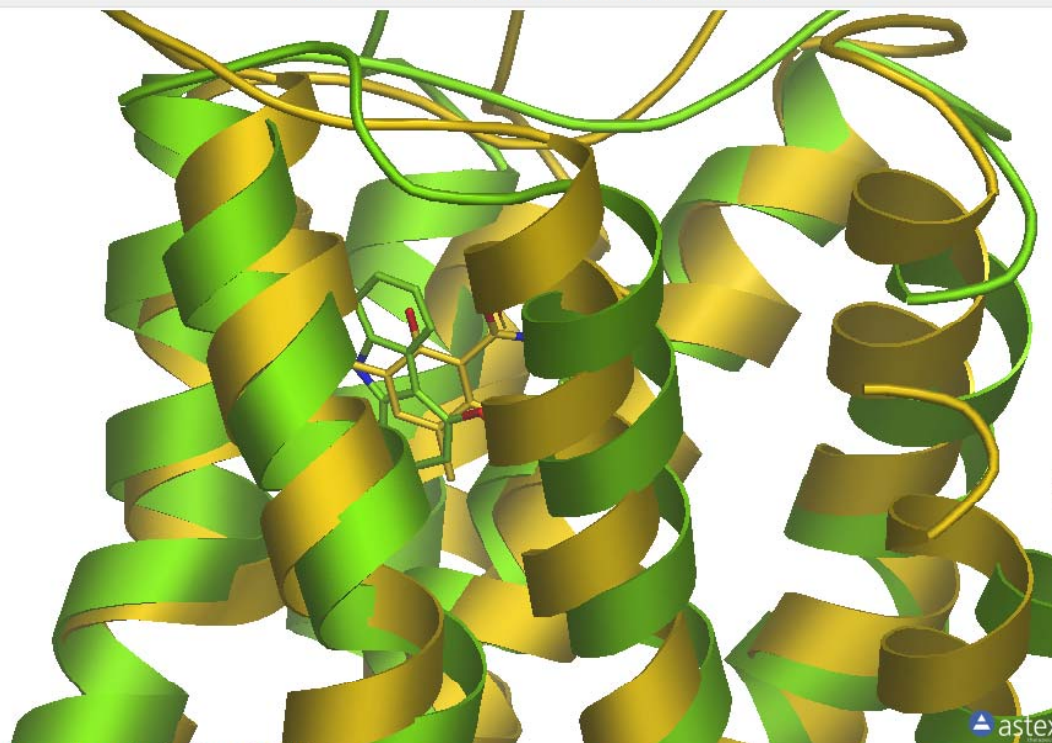
```
Desk1@dhcp-41-210:/tmp/CS3-3D$ sort -r -k5 Shape_res.csv
```

Ref Name	Comp Name	Simil	ColorTc	ColorRefTv	ColorFitTv
D3	acetylcholinesterase-3i6m	-1	0.2487	0.4571	0.3529
D3	adrenoreceptor-2ycw	-1	0.3022	0.4466	0.4830
D3	adrenoreceptor-2rh1	-1	0.2434	0.4298	0.3595
D3	acetylcholinesterase-1zgc	-1	0.2026	0.4066	0.2877
D3	renin-3vye	-1	0.1652	0.3732	0.2287
D3	renin-2glo	-1	0.1597	0.3728	0.2183
D3	betasecretase-2fdp	-1	0.1796	0.3634	0.2620
D3	betasecretase-4djv	-1	0.1842	0.3519	0.2788
D3	thrombin-3rlw	-1	0.2125	0.3445	0.3567
D3	M2receptor-3uon	-1	0.2408	0.3439	0.4453
/.../					
D3	ERbeta-2j7x	-1	0.1763	0.2252	0.4481
D3	aurorakinase-2x81	-1	0.1562	0.2165	0.3592

# Tutorial : demo 1

protein-centric approach: common fold, conserved amino acids

Binding mode alignment between  
D(3) dopamine receptor (PDB ID:3pbl / HET: ETQ)  
Beta-1 adrenergic receptor (PDB ID:2ycw / HET: CAU)



Visualization performed using OpenAstexViewer

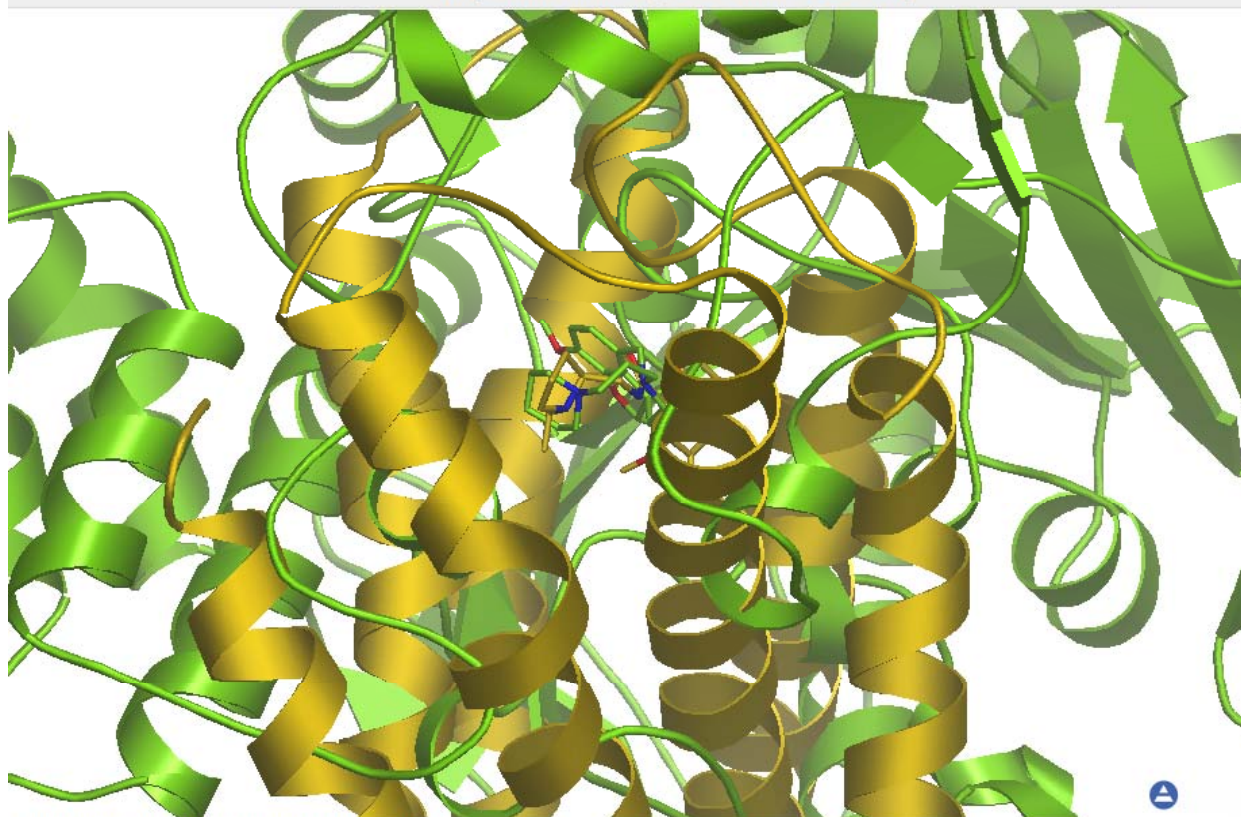
E. Kellenberger- Chemoinformatics  
Strasbourg Summer School 2014



# Tutorial : demo 1

protein-centric approach: different fold, conserved amino acids

Binding mode alignment between  
D(3) dopamine receptor (PDB ID:3pbl / HET: ETQ)  
Acetylcholinesterase (PDB ID:3i6m / HET: G3X)

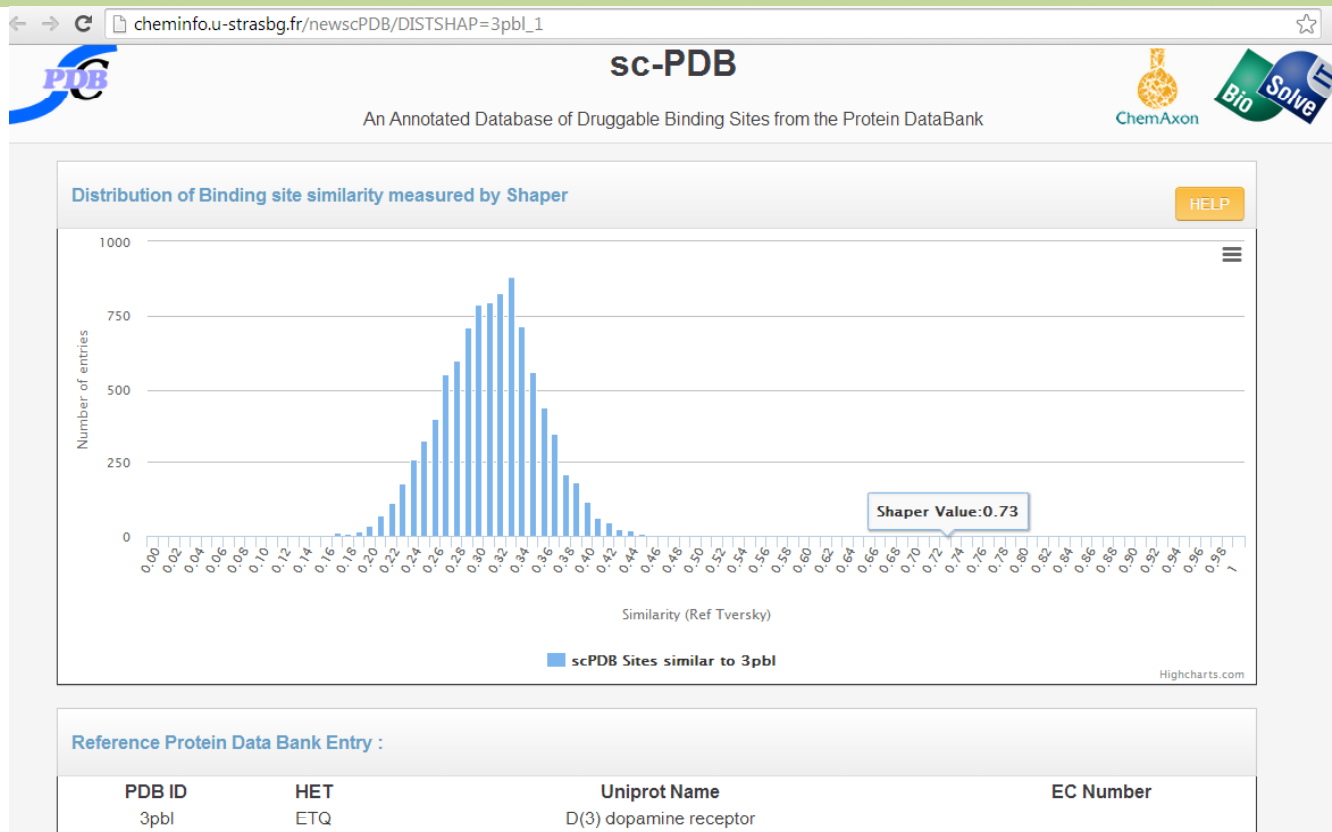




# Tutorial : demo 1

## protein-centric approach: searching the PDB

3pbl  
vs  
sc-PDB  
(3 678 proteins,  
9 283 PDB entries)

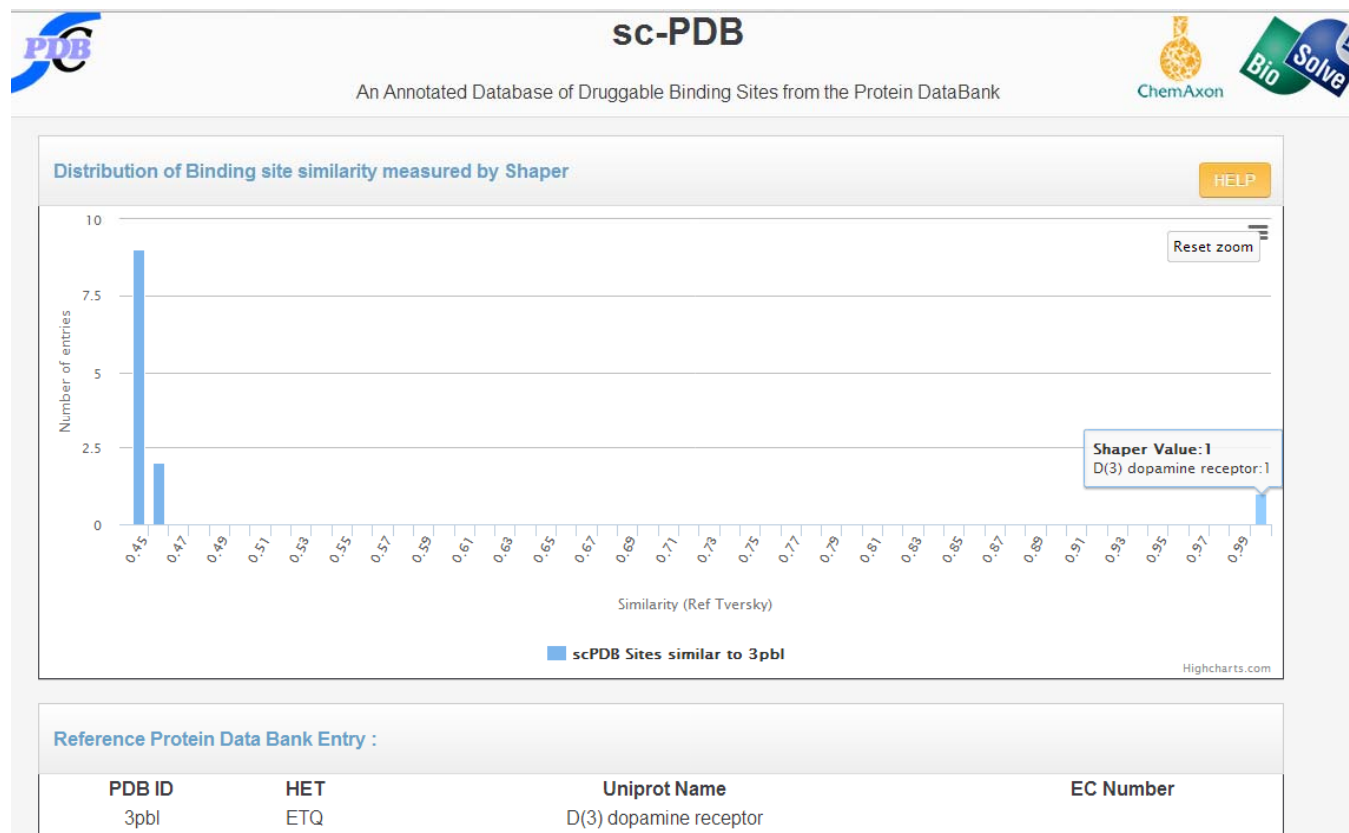




# Tutorial : demo 1

## protein-centric approach

3pbl  
vs  
sc-PDB  
(3 678 proteins,  
9 283 PDB entries)





# Tutorial : demo 1

## protein-centric approach

3pbl  
vs  
sc-PDB  
(3 678 proteins,  
9 283 PDB entries)

cheminfo.u-strasbg.fr/newscPDB/DISTSHAP=3pbl\_1

how  entries Search:

PDB ID	HET	Uniprot Name	EC Number	Binding Site Similarity	Align
<a href="#">3pbl</a>	ETQ	<b>D(3) dopamine receptor</b>	/	1.000	<a href="#">ALIGN</a>
<a href="#">1odm</a>	ASV	Isopenicillin N synthase	1.21.3.1	0.460	<a href="#">ALIGN</a>
<a href="#">3i6m</a>	G3X	★ Acetylcholinesterase	3.1.1.7	0.460	<a href="#">ALIGN</a>
<a href="#">1w3x</a>	W2X	Isopenicillin N synthase	1.21.3.1	0.450	<a href="#">ALIGN</a>
<a href="#">1x8j</a>	AE2	Retinol dehydratase	/	0.450	<a href="#">ALIGN</a>
<a href="#">2isc</a>	223	Purine nucleoside phosphorylase, putative	/	0.450	<a href="#">ALIGN</a>
<a href="#">2ycw</a>	CAU	★ Beta-1 adrenergic receptor	/	0.450	<a href="#">ALIGN</a>
<a href="#">1h22</a>	E10	★ Acetylcholinesterase	3.1.1.7	0.450	<a href="#">ALIGN</a>
<a href="#">3ju8</a>	NAD	N-succinylglutamate 5-semialdehyde dehydrogenase	1.2.1.71	0.450	<a href="#">ALIGN</a>
<a href="#">2bu9</a>	HFV	Isopenicillin N synthase	1.21.3.1	0.450	<a href="#">ALIGN</a>
<a href="#">2q3j</a>	H02	Ferrochelatase	4.99.1.1	0.450	<a href="#">ALIGN</a>
<a href="#">4jli</a>	1NM	Deoxycytidine kinase	2.7.1.74	0.450	<a href="#">ALIGN</a>

51





# Tutorial : demo 2

## Ligand-centric approach: rocs

```
Desk21@dhcp-41-195:/tmp/CS3-3D$ rocs -query  
REF/haloperidol.mol2 -dbase LIGAND/CCR5-  
4mbs_ligandmulticonf.mol2 -prefix CCR5-4mbs -oformat  
mol2 -maxhits 1
```

```
:/.../  
ROCS 3.2.0.4: OpenEye Scientific Software, Santa Fe, NM.  
:/.../  
Query being read from:  
    REF/haloperidol.mol2  
File prefix is:                CCR5-4mbs  
:/.../  
Log file will be written to:    CCR5-4mbs.log  
Statistics will be written to   CCR5-4mbs_1.rpt  
Hit structures will be written to: CCR5-4mbs_hits_1.mol2  
Status file will be written to:  CCR5-4mbs 1.status
```





# Tutorial : demo 2

## Ligand-centric approach: rocs

```
Desk21@dhcp-41-195:/tmp/CS3-3D$ rocs -query  
REF/haloperidol.mol2 -dbase LIGAND/CCR5-  
4mbs_ligandmulticonf.mol2 -prefix CCR5-4mbs -oformat  
mol2 -maxhits 1
```

```
/. . . /  
Query(#1) molecule written to CCR5-4mbs_hits_1.mol2  
Query(#1): haloperidol_1 has 1 conformer(s)  
Database 1 of 1:LIGAND/CCR5-4mbs_ligandmulticonf.mol2  
1 molecules in 1 seconds -> 1.0 molecules/sec  
200 overlays/sec  
  
1 hits found  
=====  
writing  
hits|*****|100.00%  
Molecule read failures: 0  
#warnings : 0  
#errors : 0  
#queries processed : 1
```

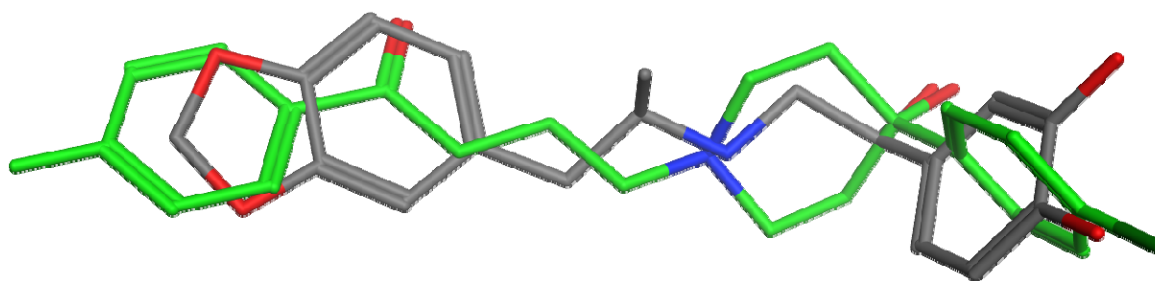


# Tutorial : demo 2

## Ligand-centric approach: virtual screening using rocs query with single conformer

```
Desk21@dhcp-41-210:/tmp/CS3-3D$ sort -r -k5 rocs_res.csv
```

File	ShapeQuery	Rank	TcCombo
adrenoreceptor-protokylol	haloperidol_1	1	1.033
acetylcholinesterase-1eve	haloperidol_1	1	1.005
CCR5-CHEMBL392659	haloperidol	1	0.951
/...../			
HSP90alpha-1yet	haloperidol_1	1	0.465



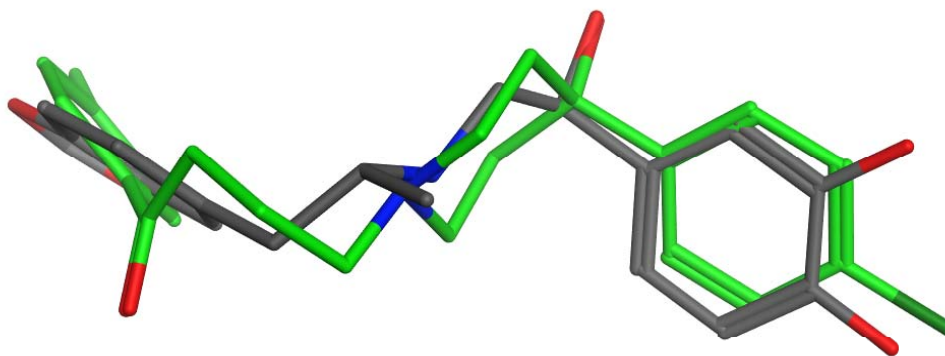


# Tutorial : demo 2

## Ligand-centric approach: virtual screening using rocs query with multiple conformers

```
Desk21@dhcp-41-210 : /tmp/CS3-3D$ sort -r -k5 rocs_res.csv
```

File	ShapeQuery	Rank	TcCombo
CCR5-CHEMBL392659	haloperidol_475	1	1.184
adrenoreceptor-protokylol	haloperidol_572	1	1.126
CCR5-CHEMBL2178576	haloperidol_56	1	1.096
CCR5-CHEMBL322251	haloperidol_565	1	1.067
renin-3vye	haloperidol_535	1	1.064
acetylcholinesterase-1eve	haloperidol_241	1	1.063





# conclusion

3D methods are suitable to the fast profiling of haloperidol

- Protein- and ligand-centric methods identified the same two targets, which are likely true positives
- Protein-centric approach requires the 3D-structure of the primary target and of tested proteins
- Ligand-centric approach requires for each of the tested protein several ligands (ideally of different chemotypes)